SENATE BILL No. 311

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 4-30-17-3.5; IC 22-12-1; IC 22-14-5; IC 36-8; P.L.340-1995, SECTION 37.

Synopsis: Firefighting equipment and grants. Eliminates the firefighting and emergency equipment revolving loan fund (loan fund) and creates the firefighting and emergency equipment grant fund (grant fund) administered by the office of the state fire marshal. Requires a grant from the grant fund to be used for the purchase of firefighting and emergency equipment and other incidental expenses. Repeals the fire safety equipment revolving loan account (loan account) in the build Indiana fund. Releases the obligation of a loan recipient under the loan fund and the loan account to pay the remaining balance due on the principal plus interest of a loan. Transfers funds remaining in the loan fund to the grant fund. Transfers \$500,000 per month to the grant fund from the lottery and gaming surplus account in the build Indiana fund. Provides that a fire protection territory may establish a cumulative building and equipment fund.

Effective: January 1, 2002 (retroactive); July 1, 2002.

Landske, Craycraft

January 8, 2002, read first time and referred to Committee on Finance.



Second Regular Session 112th General Assembly (2002)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2001 General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 311

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

- SECTION 1. IC 4-30-17-3.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 3.5. (a) Two (2) segregated accounts shall be established within the build Indiana fund as follows:
 - (1) The state and local capital projects account.
 - (2) The lottery and gaming surplus account.
- (b) Upon receiving surplus lottery revenue distributions from the state lottery commission and surplus gaming revenue distributions from the state gaming commission, the treasurer of state shall credit the surplus lottery revenue and surplus gaming revenue to the lottery and gaming surplus account. All money remaining in the lottery and gaming surplus account after the transfer transfers required by subsection subsections (c) and (d) shall be transferred to the state and local capital projects account.
- (c) Before the twenty-fifth day of the month, the auditor of state shall transfer from the lottery and gaming surplus account to the state general fund motor vehicle excise tax replacement account an amount

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1	equal to the following:
2	(1) In calendar year 1996, eleven million six hundred twenty-five
3	thousand dollars (\$11,625,000) per month.
4	(2) In calendar year 1997, twelve million nine hundred
5	twenty-five thousand twenty dollars (\$12,925,020) per month.
6	(3) In calendar year 1998, fifteen million ten thousand dollars
7	(\$15,010,000) per month.
8	(4) In calendar year 1999, seventeen million one hundred
9	ninety-two thousand dollars (\$17,192,000) per month.
10	(5) In calendar year 2000, nineteen million four hundred
11	thirty-five thousand two hundred ten dollars (\$19,435,210) per
12	month.
13	(6) In calendar year 2001 and each year thereafter, nineteen
14	million six hundred eighty-four thousand three hundred seventy
15	dollars (\$19,684,370) per month.
16	(d) After making the transfer required under subsection (c) and
17	before the twenty-fifth day of each month, the auditor of state shall
18	transfer monthly from the lottery and gaming surplus account to
19	the firefighting and emergency equipment grant fund established
20	by IC 22-14-5-1 five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).
21	(e) This subsection applies only if insufficient money is available in
22	the lottery and gaming surplus account of the build Indiana fund to
23	make the distributions to the state general fund motor vehicle excise
24	tax replacement account that are required under subsection (c) and to
25	make the distributions required under subsection (d). Before the
26	twenty-fifth day of each month, the auditor of state shall transfer from
27	the state general fund to the state general fund motor vehicle excise tax
28	replacement account the difference between:
29	(1) the amount that subsection (c) requires the auditor of state to
30	distribute from the lottery and gaming surplus account of the
31	build Indiana fund to the state general fund motor vehicle excise
32	tax replacement account; and
33	(2) the amount that is available for distribution from the lottery
34	and gaming surplus account in the build Indiana fund to the state
35	general fund motor vehicle excise tax replacement account.
36	The transfers required under this subsection are annually appropriated
37	from the state general fund.
38	SECTION 2. IC 22-12-1-13.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
39	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
40	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 13.5. "Fund" refers to the
41	firefighting and emergency equipment grant fund established by
41	mengating and emergency equipment grant lund established by



IC 22-14-5-1.

1	SECTION 3. IC 22-12-1-18.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-1999,
2	SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 18.7. "Qualified entity" means:
4	(1) a volunteer fire department (as defined in IC 36-8-12-2);
5	(2) the executive of a township providing fire protection under
6	IC 36-8-13-3(a)(1); a paid fire department; or
7	(3) a municipality providing fire protection to a township under
8	$\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}$
9	(as defined in IC 36-1-2-13).
10	SECTION 4. IC 22-14-5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
11	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 1. (a) The firefighting
12	and emergency equipment revolving loan grant fund is established.
13	The office shall administer the revolving fund. The revolving fund
14	must be used for the purposes of:
15	(1) providing loans grants for the purchase of new or used
16	firefighting and other emergency equipment or apparatus under
17	this chapter; and
18	(2) paying the costs of administering this chapter.
19	(b) The revolving fund consists of:
20	(1) amounts appropriated by the general assembly;
21	(2) the repayment proceeds (including interest) of loans made
22	from the revolving fund;
23	(3) (2) donations, grants, and money received from any other
24	source; and
25	(4) (3) amounts that the department transfers to the revolving fund
26	from the fire and building services fund; and
27	(4) money transferred from the build Indiana fund under
28	IC 4-30-17-3.5.
29	(c) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the revolving
30	fund not currently needed to meet the obligations of the revolving fund
31	in the same manner as other public funds may be invested.
32	(d) Money in the revolving fund at the end of the fiscal year does
33	not revert to the state general fund.
34	(e) The revolving fund is subject to an annual audit by the state
35	board of accounts. The revolving fund shall pay all costs of the audit.
36	SECTION 5. IC 22-14-5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
37	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 2. The commission
38	shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to do the following:
39	(1) Establish the policies and procedures to be used by the
40	department in the administration of the revolving fund.
41	(2) Specify the information that must be submitted with a loan
42	grant application.



1	(3) Adopt other rules under IC 4-22-2 that are needed to carry out
2	this chapter.
3	(4) Establish a loan grant priority rating system.
4	(5) Prescribe the forms to be used by the office in administering
5	the revolving fund.
6	(6) Prescribe the persons authorized to execute loan grant
7	documents on behalf of a qualified entity.
8	SECTION 6. IC 22-14-5-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 3. The commission may
.0	not require a qualified entity to provide money from other sources to
1	match the amount of a loan grant under this chapter.
.2	SECTION 7. IC 22-14-5-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
.3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 6. (a) The office shall
.4	do the following:
.5	(1) Review and approve or disapprove applications for loans
.6	grants from the revolving fund.
.7	(2) Establish the terms of loans grants from the revolving fund.
. 8	(3) Manage Administer the loans. grants.
.9	(b) The office shall review applications for loans grants from the
20	revolving fund on December 1 and June 1.
21	(c) A properly completed application for a loan grant from the
22	revolving fund must be received by the office not later than:
23	(1) November 16 for the application to be eligible for review on
24	a December 1 review date; or
25	(2) May 17 for the application to be eligible for review on a June
26	1 review date.
27	(d) If the office receives a loan grant application after a deadline for
28	receiving loan grant applications set forth in subsection (c), the office
29	shall:
30	(1) retain the loan grant application; and
31	(2) review the application on the next review date.
32	SECTION 8. IC 22-14-5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 7. The office may enter
34	into contracts that are necessary for the administration of this chapter.
35	including contracts for the servicing of loans.
36	SECTION 9. IC 22-14-5-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
37	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 8. (a) The office shall
88	assign a loan grant priority rating to each loan grant application under
39	this chapter.
10	(b) The loan grant priority rating must be assigned in conformity
1	with criteria adopted by the commission. The rating that is assigned
12	must reflect the relative need of the qualified entity for the loan. grant.



1	(c) The office shall make loans grants available to qualified entities
2	in descending order beginning with the qualified entity with the highest
3	loan grant priority rating.
4	SECTION 10. IC 22-14-5-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 9. A loan grant under
6	this chapter is subject to the following conditions:
7	(1) The qualified entity may use the loan grant only for the
8	purchase of new or used firefighting and other emergency
9	equipment or apparatus and legal and other incidental expenses
10	that are directly related to acquiring the equipment or apparatus.
11	(2) The repayment period may not exceed seven (7) years.
12	(3) (2) The amount of the loan grant may not be less than ten
13	thousand dollars (\$10,000).
14	(4) The interest rate is to be set by the board of finance at a rate
15	that is not more than two percent (2%) below the prime bank
16	lending rate prevailing at the time the loan is approved.
17	(5) All interest reverts to the revolving fund created by this
18	chapter.
19	(6) The loan must be repaid in installments, including interest on
20	the unpaid balance of the loan.
21	(7) The repayment of principal may be deferred for a period not
22	to exceed two (2) years.
23	(8) The repayment of the loan may be limited to a specified
24	revenue source of the qualified entity. If the repayment is limited,
25	the repayment:
26	(A) is not a general obligation of the qualified entity; and
27	(B) is payable solely from the specified revenue source.
28	(9) If prepayment of the loan is made, a penalty may not be
29	charged.
30	(10) The office shall have a security interest in the purchased
31	firefighting or other emergency equipment or apparatus for the
32	balance of the loan, accrued interest, penalties, and collection
33	expenses.
34	(3) The total amount of grants a qualified entity may receive
35	within a four (4) year period may not exceed two hundred
36	thousand dollars (\$200,000).
37	(11) (4) Any other conditions that the office considers
38	appropriate.
39	SECTION 11. IC 22-14-5-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 12. The making of the
41	loan grant from the revolving fund does not constitute the lending of
42	credit by the state for purposes of any other statute or the Constitution



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1	of the State of Indiana.
2	SECTION 12. IC 36-8-12-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-1999,
3	SECTION 98, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 13. (a) A volunteer fire department may impose
5	a charge on the owner of property, owner of a vehicle, or a responsible
6	party (as defined in IC 13-11-2-191(d)) that is involved in a hazardous
7	material or fuel spill or chemical or hazardous material related fire (as
8	defined in IC 13-11-2-96(b)):
9	(1) that is responded to by the volunteer fire department; and
10	(2) that members of that volunteer fire department assisted in
11	extinguishing, containing, or cleaning up.
12	(b) The volunteer fire department shall bill the owner or responsible
13	party of the vehicle for the total dollar value of the assistance that was
14	provided, with that value determined by a method that the state fire
15	marshal shall establish under IC 36-8-12-16. section 16 of this
16	chapter. A copy of the fire incident report to the state fire marshal
17	must accompany the bill. This billing must take place within thirty (30)
18	days after the assistance was provided. The owner or responsible party
19	shall remit payment directly to the governmental unit providing the
20	service. Any money that is collected under this section may be:
21	(1) deposited in the township firefighting fund established in
22	IC 36-8-13-4; or
23	(2) used to pay principal and interest on a loan under IC 22-14-5;
24	or
25	(3) (2) used for the purchase of equipment, buildings, and
26	property for firefighting, fire protection, and other emergency
27	services.
28	(c) The volunteer fire department may maintain a civil action to
29	recover an unpaid charge that is imposed under subsection (a).
30	SECTION 13. IC 36-8-12-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.240-2001,
31	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 16. (a) A volunteer fire department that provides
33	service within a jurisdiction served by the department may establish a
34	schedule of charges for the services that the department provides not
35	to exceed the state fire marshal's recommended schedule for services.
36	The volunteer fire department or its agent may collect a service charge
37	according to this schedule from the owner of property that receives
38	service if the following conditions are met:

(1) At the following times, the department gives notice under IC 5-3-1-4(d) in each political subdivision served by the

department of the amount of the service charge for each service

that the department provides:



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1	(A) Before the schedule of service charges is initiated.
2	(B) When there is a change in the amount of a service charge.
3	(2) The property owner has not sent written notice to the
4	department to refuse service by the department to the owner's
5	property.
6	(3) The bill for payment of the service charge:
7	(A) is submitted to the property owner in writing within not
8	later than thirty (30) days after the services are provided; and
9	(B) includes a copy of a fire incident report in the form
10	prescribed by the state fire marshal, if the service was
11	provided for an event that requires a fire incident report.
12	(b) A volunteer fire department shall use the revenue collected from
13	the fire service charges under this section for:
14	(1) the purchase of equipment, buildings, and property for
15	firefighting, fire protection, or other emergency services; or
16	(2) deposit in the township firefighting fund established under
17	IC 36-8-13-4. or
18	(3) to pay principal and interest on a loan under IC 22-14-5.
19	(c) If at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the money received by a
20	volunteer fire department for providing fire protection or emergency
21	services is received under one (1) or more contracts with one (1) or
22	more political subdivisions (as defined in IC 34-6-2-110), the
23	legislative body of a contracting political subdivision must approve the
24	schedule of service charges established under subsection (a) before the
25	schedule of service charges is initiated in that political subdivision.
26	(d) A volunteer fire department that:
27	(1) has contracted with a political subdivision to provide fire
28	protection or emergency services; and
29	(2) charges for services under this section;
30	must submit a report to the legislative body of the political subdivision
31	before April 1 of each year indicating the amount of service charges
32	collected during the previous calendar year and how those funds have
33	been expended.
34	(e) The state fire marshal shall annually prepare and publish a
35	recommended schedule of service charges for fire protection services.
36	(f) The volunteer fire department or its agent may maintain a civil
37	action to recover an unpaid service charge under this section.
38	SECTION 14. IC 36-8-12-17, AS ADDED BY P.L.82-2001,
39	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 17. (a) If a political subdivision has not imposed
41	its own false alarm fee or service charge, a volunteer fire department
42	that provides service within the jurisdiction may establish a service



1	charge for responding to false alarms. The volunteer fire department
2	may collect the false alarm service charge from the owner of the
3	property if the volunteer fire department dispatches firefighting
4	apparatus or personnel to a building or premises in the township in
5	response to:
6	(1) an alarm caused by improper installation or improper
7	maintenance; or
8	(2) a drill or test, if the fire department is not previously notified
9	that the alarm is a drill or test.
10	However, if the owner of property that constitutes the owner's residence
11	establishes that the alarm is under a maintenance contract with an
12	alarm company and that the alarm company has been notified of the
13	improper installation or maintenance of the alarm, the alarm company
14	is liable for the payment of the fee or service charge.
15	(b) Before establishing a false alarm service charge, the volunteer
16	fire department must provide notice under IC 5-3-1-4(d) in each
17	political subdivision served by the department of the amount of the
18	false alarm service charge. The notice required by this subsection must
19	be given:
20	(1) before the false alarm service charge is initiated; and
21	(2) before a change in the amount of the false alarm service
22	charge.
23	(c) A volunteer fire department may not collect a false alarm service
24	charge from a property owner or alarm company unless the
25	department's bill for payment of the service charge:
26	(1) is submitted to the property owner in writing within thirty (30)
27	days after the false alarm; and
28	(2) includes a copy of a fire incident report in the form prescribed
29	by the state fire marshal.
30	(d) A volunteer fire department shall use the money collected from
31	the false alarm service charge imposed under this section:
32	(1) for the purchase of equipment, buildings, and property for fire
33	fighting, fire protection, or other emergency services; or
34	(2) for deposit in the township firefighting fund established under
35	IC 36-8-13-4. or
36	(3) to pay principal and interest on a loan under IC 22-14-5.
37	(e) If at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the money received by a
38	volunteer fire department for providing fire protection or emergency
39	services is received under one (1) or more contracts with one (1) or
40	more political subdivisions (as defined in IC 34-6-2-110), the
41	legislative body of a contracting political subdivision must approve the
42	false alarm service charge established under subsection (a) before the



1	service charge is initiated in that political subdivision.
2	(f) A volunteer fire department that:
3	(1) has contracted with a political subdivision to provide fire
4	protection or emergency services; and
5	(2) imposes a false alarm service charge under this section;
6	must submit a report to the legislative body of the political subdivision
7	before April 1 of each year indicating the amount of false alarm
8	charges collected during the previous calendar year and how those
9	funds have been expended.
10	(g) The volunteer fire department may maintain a civil action to
11	recover unpaid false alarm service charges imposed under this section.
12	SECTION 15. IC 36-8-13-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.82-2001,
13	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 4. (a) Each township shall annually establish a
15	township firefighting fund which is to be the exclusive fund used by the
16	township for the payment of costs attributable to providing fire
17	protection or emergency services under the methods prescribed in
18	section 3 of this chapter and for no other purposes. The money in the
19	fund may be paid out by the township executive with the consent of the
20	township legislative body.
21	(b) Each township may levy, for each year, a tax for the township
22	firefighting fund. Other than a township providing fire protection or
23	emergency services or both to municipalities in the township under
24	section 3(b) or 3(c) of this chapter, the tax levy is on all taxable real
25	and personal property in the township outside the corporate boundaries
26	of municipalities. Subject to the levy limitations contained in
27	IC 6-1.1-18.5, the township levy is to be in an amount sufficient to pay
28	all costs attributable to fire protection and emergency services that are
29	not paid from other revenues available to the fund. The tax rate and
30	levy shall be established in accordance with the procedures set forth in
31	IC 6-1.1-17.
32	(c) In addition to the tax levy and service charges received under
33	IC 36-8-12-13 and IC 36-8-12-16, the executive may accept donations
34	to the township for the purpose of firefighting and other emergency
35	services and shall place them in the fund, keeping an accurate record
36	of the sums received. A person may also donate partial payment of any
37	purchase of firefighting or other emergency services equipment made
38	by the township.
39	(d) If a fire department serving a township dispatches fire apparatus
40	or personnel to a building or premises in the township in response to:
41	(1) an alarm caused by improper installation or improper



maintenance; or

1	(2) a drill or test, if the fire department is not previously notified
2	that the alarm is a drill or test;
3	the township may impose a fee or service charge upon the owner of the
4	property. However, if the owner of property that constitutes the owner's
5	residence establishes that the alarm is under a maintenance contract
6	with an alarm company and that the alarm company has been notified
7	of the improper installation or maintenance of the alarm, the alarm
8	company is liable for the payment of the fee or service charge.
9	(e) The amount of a fee or service charge imposed under subsection
10	(d) shall be determined by the township legislative body. Except as
11	provided in IC 36-8-19-8(b)(3) for a township that is a
12	participating unit in a fire protection territory, all money received
13	by the township from the fee or service charge must be deposited in the
14	township's firefighting fund.
15	SECTION 16. IC 36-8-14-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-1999,
16	SECTION 102, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
17	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 2. (a) As used in this section,
18	"emergency medical services" has the meaning set forth in
19	IC 16-18-2-110.
20	(b) As used in this section, "volunteer fire department" has the
21	meaning set forth in IC 36-8-12-2.
22	(c) The legislative body of a unit, or the board of fire trustees of a
23	fire protection district, or the legislative body of the designated
24	provider unit of a fire protection territory may provide a cumulative
25	building and equipment fund under IC 6-1.1-41 for the following
26	purposes:
27	(1) The purchase, construction, renovation, or addition to
28	buildings used by the fire department or a volunteer fire
29	department serving the unit.
30	(2) The purchase of firefighting equipment for use of the fire
31	department or a volunteer fire department serving the unit,
32	including making the required payments under a lease rental with
33	option to purchase agreement made to acquire the equipment.
34	(3) In a municipality, the purchase of police radio equipment.
35	(4) The purchase, construction, renovation, or addition to a
36	building, or the purchase of equipment, for use of a provider of
37	emergency medical services under IC 16-31-5 to the unit
38	establishing the fund.
39	(d) In addition to the requirements of IC 6-1.1-41, before a
40	cumulative fund may be established by a township fire protection
41	district, the county legislative body which appoints the trustees of the
42	fire protection district must approve the establishment of the fund.



(e) In addition to the requirements of IC 6-1.1-41, before a cumulative fund may be established by the designated provider unit of a fire protection territory, the legislative body of all other units participating in the fire protection territory must approve the establishment of the fund.

SECTION 17. IC 36-8-14-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 4. (a) To provide for the cumulative building and equipment fund established under this chapter, the legislative body may levy a tax on all taxable property within the taxing district in compliance with IC 6-1.1-41. The tax rate may not exceed three and thirty-three hundredths cents (\$0.0333) on each one hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation of property in the taxing district.

(b) As the tax is collected, it shall be deposited in a qualified public depository or depositories and held in a special fund to be known as the "building or remodeling, firefighting, and police radio equipment fund" in the case of a municipality or as the "building or remodeling and fire equipment fund" in the case of a township, or fire protection district, or fire protection territory.

SECTION 18. IC 36-8-19-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.240-2001, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 8. (a) Upon the adoption of identical ordinances under section 6 of this chapter, the designated provider unit must establish a fire protection territory fund from which all expenses of operating and maintaining the fire protection services within the territory (other than those expenses paid from a cumulative building and equipment fund established by the fire protection territory), including repairs, fees, salaries, depreciation on all depreciable assets, rents, supplies, contingencies, and all other expenses lawfully incurred within the territory shall be paid. The purposes described in this subsection are the sole purposes of the fund and money in the fund may not be used for any other expenses. Except as allowed in subsections (d) and (e) and section 8.5 of this chapter, the provider unit is not authorized to transfer money out of the fund at any time.

- (b) The fund consists of the following:
 - (1) All receipts from the tax imposed under this section.
 - (2) Any money transferred to the fund by the provider unit as authorized under subsection (d).
 - (3) Any receipts from a false alarm fee or service charge imposed by the participating units under IC 36-8-13-4.
- (c) The provider unit, with the assistance of each of the other participating units, shall annually budget the necessary money to meet



the expenses of operation and maintenance of the fire protection
services within the territory, plus a reasonable operating balance, not
to exceed twenty percent (20%) of the budgeted expenses. After
estimating expenses and receipts of money, the provider unit shall
establish the tax levy required to fund the estimated budget. The
amount budgeted under this subsection shall be considered a part of
each of the participating unit's budget. units' budgets.

- (d) If the amount levied in a particular year is insufficient to cover the costs incurred in providing fire protection services within the territory, the provider unit may transfer from available sources to the fire protection territory fund the money needed to cover those costs. In this case:
 - (1) the levy in the following year shall be increased by the amount required to be transferred; and
 - (2) the provider unit is entitled to transfer the amount described in subdivision (1) from the fund as reimbursement to the provider unit.
- (e) If the amount levied in a particular year exceeds the amount necessary to cover the costs incurred in providing fire protection services within the territory, the levy in the following year shall be reduced by the amount of surplus money that is not transferred to the equipment replacement fund established under section 8.5 of this chapter. The amount that may be transferred to the equipment replacement fund may not exceed five percent (5%) of the levy for that fund for that year. All participating units must agree to the amount to be transferred by adoption of identical ordinances specifying the amount.
- (f) The tax under this section is not subject to the tax levy limitations imposed on civil taxing units under IC 6-1.1-18.5 for any unit that is a participating unit in a fire protection territory that was established before August 1, 2001.
- (g) This subsection applies to a participating unit in a fire protection territory established under IC 36-8-19 this chapter after July 31, 2001. For purposes of calculating a participating unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the three (3) calendar years in which the participating unit levies a tax to support the territory, the unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the preceding calendar year under IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(a) STEP ONE or IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(b) STEP ONE is increased each year by an amount equal to the difference between the:
 - (1) amount the unit will have to levy for the ensuing calendar year in order to fund the unit's share of the fire protection territory



1	budget for the operating costs as provided in the ordinance
2	making the unit a participating unit in the fire protection territory;
3	and
4	(2) unit's levy for fire protection services for the calendar year that
5	immediately precedes the ensuing calendar year in which the
6	participating unit levies a tax to support the territory.
7	SECTION 19. IC 36-8-19-8.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.36-2000,
8	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 8.5. (a) Except for participating units that have
10	established a cumulative building and equipment fund under
11	IC 36-8-14-2, participating units may agree to establish an equipment
12	replacement fund under this section to be used to purchase fire
13	protection equipment, including housing, that will be used to serve the
14	entire territory. To establish the fund, the legislative bodies of all
15	participating units must adopt identical ordinances after January 1 but
16	before April 1 authorizing the provider unit to establish the fund. The
17	ordinance must include at least the following:
18	(1) The name of each participating unit and the provider unit.
19	(2) An agreement to impose a uniform tax rate upon all of the
20	taxable property within the territory for the equipment
21	replacement fund.
22	(3) The contents of the agreement to establish the fund.
23	An ordinance adopted under this section takes effect July 1 of the year
24	the ordinance is adopted.
25	(b) If a fund is established, the participating units may agree to:
26	(1) impose a property tax to provide for the accumulation of
27	money in the fund to purchase fire protection equipment;
28	(2) incur debt to purchase fire protection equipment and impose
29	a property tax to retire the loan; or
30	(3) transfer an amount from the fire protection territory fund to
31	the fire equipment replacement fund not to exceed five percent
32	(5%) of the levy for the fire protection territory fund for that year;
33	or any combination of these options. The property tax rate for the levy
34	imposed under this section may not exceed ten cents (\$0.10). Before
35	debt may be incurred, the fiscal bodies of all participating units must
36	adopt identical ordinances specifying the amount and purpose of the
37	debt. In addition, the state board of tax commissioners department of
38	local government finance must approve the incurrence of the debt
39	using the same standards as applied to the incurrence of debt by civil
40	taxing units.
41	(c) Money in the fund may be used by the provider unit only for

those purposes set forth in the agreement among the participating units

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1	that permits the establishment of the fund.
2	SECTION 20. IC 36-8-19-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2002 (RETROACTIVE)]:
4	Sec. 9. (a) The state board of tax commissioners, department of local
5	government finance, when approving a rate and levy fixed by the
6	provider unit, shall verify that a duplication of tax levies does not exist
7	within participating units, so that taxpayers do not bear two (2) levies
8	for the same service, except as provided by subsection (b) or (c).
9	(b) A unit that incurred indebtedness for fire protection services
10	before becoming a participating unit under this chapter shall continue
11	to repay that indebtedness by levies within the boundaries of the unit
12	until the indebtedness is paid in full.
13	(c) A unit that agreed to the borrowing of money to purchase fire
14	protection equipment while a participating unit under this chapter shall
15	continue to repay the unit's share of that indebtedness by imposing a
16	property tax within the boundaries of the unit until the indebtedness is
17	paid in full. The state board of tax commissioners department of local
18	government finance shall determine the amount of the indebtedness
19	that represents the unit's fair share, taking into account the equipment
20	purchased, the useful life of the equipment, the depreciated value of the
21	equipment, and the number of years the unit benefited from the
22	equipment.
23	SECTION 21. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
24	JULY 1, 2002]: IC 22-12-1-23.3; IC 22-14-5-4; IC 22-14-5-5;
25	IC 22-14-5-10; IC 22-14-5-11; IC 22-14-5-13.
26	SECTION 22. P.L.340-1995, SECTION 37, IS AMENDED TO
27	READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: SECTION 37.
28	The following amounts are appropriated from the build Indiana fund
29	under SECTION 31 of this act for the following purposes:
30	Year
31	1995-1997
32	FOR THE BUDGET AGENCY
33	FIRE SAFETY EQUIPMENT
34	REVOLVING LOAN FUND
35	Total Operating
36	Expenses for
37	the Biennium 3,000,000
38	Notwithstanding any other law, the budget agency shall establish a
39	fire safety equipment revolving loan account in the build Indiana fund,
40	together with a fire safety equipment revolving loan program. Money
41	in this account shall be used to make or provide for the making of no
42	interest loans to Indiana communities and fire safety service providers



for the purchase and lease of fire safety equipment, especially fire engines and necessary or useful equipment related to fire engines and fire safety.

In establishing this account and program, the budget agency shall work with other agencies of state and federal government to take maximum advantage of the foregoing appropriation. To this end, money in this account may be used to match federal grants and loans. No loan to a community or provider shall be made in a principal amount in excess of seventy-five percent (75%) of the purchase price of the fire engine or other equipment for which the loan is made. No community or provider shall be obligated to repay more than fifty percent (50%) of the principal amount of the loan made to the community or provider. No loan may be made from this account for a term exceeding five (5) years from the date the loan is made. Before a community or provider borrows money from this account, it must provide evidence satisfactory to the budget agency to justify the community's or provider's need for the loan, its inability to receive cost-effective financing elsewhere, and its ability to repay the loan within the term of the loan.

The budget agency may not expend money from this account until this program has been reviewed by the state budget committee and approved by the governor. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary: (i) the cost of administering this account may be paid from money in the account; (ii) money in this account is appropriated continuously for the purposes specified in this act; (iii) money in this account does not revert to the build Indiana fund or the general fund at the end of a state fiscal year; and (iv) the treasurer of state shall invest money in this account not needed currently to meet the obligations of the account. On or before December 1, 1995, the budget agency shall submit to the budget committee draft legislation that would more permanently govern this account and program.

If insufficient money is in the fund to provide loans to all applicants, the budget agency shall give first priority to the following projects, which are not listed in any order of priority:

- (1) Replacement of Firefighting Gear and Telecommunications needs, Greene County.
- (2) Southwest Volunteer Fire Department Fire Truck, Bartholomew County.
- (3) Town of Mentone Emergency Medical Equipment, Kosciusko County.
- (4) Firetruck with Aerial Firefighting Platform,

 Jackson County.



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1	(5) Fire Equipment for Town of Vevay,	
2	Switzerland County.	
3	(6) Fire Equipment for Town of Little York,	
4	Washington County.	
5	(7) City of North Vernon Firetruck with	
6	Aerial Platform, Jennings County.	
7	(8) Fire Truck Henry Township Volunteer	
8	Fire Department, Fulton County.	
9	(9) LaOtto Volunteer Fire Department, Noble County.	
10	(10) Swayzee Volunteer Fire Department, Grant County.	
11	(11) Orange Twp Fire Department 1st Respond Vehicle,	
12	Rome City, Noble County.	
13	(12) Town of Dayton, Tippecanoe County.	
14	(13) Town of Milan, Ripley County.	
15	(14) St. Paul Fire Truck, Decatur County.	
16	(15) Clay Township Firetruck, Vigo County.	
17	(16) Aboite Township Emergency Equipment, Allen County.	
18	(17) Washington Township Emergency Equipment, Allen County.	
19	(18) Lake Township Emergency Equipment, Allen County.	
20	(19) Mexico County Fire Association Truck, Miami County.	
21	(20) Elberfeld Fire Equipment, Warrick County.	
22	FOR THE BUDGET AGENCY	
23	COMMUNITY WASTEWATER	
24	GRANTS AND LOANS	_
25	Total Operating	
26	Expenses for	
27	the Biennium 18,200,000	
28	The foregoing appropriation shall be transferred from the balance	
29	of the appropriations made to the Indiana department of environmental	
30	management by P.L.357-1989(ss), in the amount of nine million two	
31	hundred thousand dollars (\$9,200,000), and P.L.240-1991(ss2), in the	
32	amount of eleven million dollars (\$11,000,000), for the revolving loan	
33	program established by IC 4-23-21-5 and jointly administered by the	
34	budget agency and the department of environmental management. The	
35	foregoing appropriation shall be deposited in the fund established by	
36	IC 4-23-21-15 (supplemental wastewater assistance fund) and used in	
37	accordance with IC 4-23-21-15 through IC 4-23-21-18.	
38	COMMUNITY WASTEWATER AND	
39	DRINKING WATER GRANTS 10,000,000	
40	The foregoing appropriation from the build Indiana fund shall be	
41	deposited in the fund established by IC 4-23-21-15 (supplemental	
42	wastewater assistance fund) or an account established therein and used	



1	solely to make grants (not loans) as provided in IC 4-23-21-15 through
2	IC 4-23-21-18.
3	The foregoing appropriations shall be administered by the budget
4	agency to take maximum advantage of other state and federal
5	wastewater and drinking water financing programs, including the state
6	wastewater revolving loan (SRF) fund program. In making the
7	foregoing appropriations, it is the intent of the general assembly to
8	effectively reduce the costs, including financing costs, of wastewater
9	and drinking water projects and, as a result, reduce rates and charges
10	payable by Indiana ratepayers and taxpayers. It is the further intent of
11	the general assembly that the foregoing appropriation for community
12	wastewater and drinking water grants be targeted to serve small Indiana
13	communities whose median household incomes are not more than
14	eighty percent (80%) of the state nonmetropolitan household income.
15	If insufficient money is in the fund to provide loans to all applicants,
16	the budget agency shall give first priority to the following projects,
17	which are not listed in any order of priority:
18	(1) Middlebury Water Main.
19	(2) Water/Sewer Extension, Huntington County.
20	(3) Lake of the Woods Sewer Project, Marshall County.
21	(4) U.S. 30 Corridor Water Line, Whitley County.
22	(5) Extension of Sanitary Sewer, Water and
23	Electric Utilities, Town of Ferdinand.
24	(6) Construction of Water Storage Tank,
25	Town of Hagerstown, Wayne County.
26	(7) Water System Improvement Project,
27	Town of Dublin, Wayne County.
28	(8) Town of Poneto Municipal Sewage Project,
29	Wells County.
30	(9) Town of Bristol Storm Sewer Project.
31	(10) Orchard Lane Sewer Project, White County.
32	(11) City of Hobart Sanitary Sewer Tie-in Project,
33	Lake County.
34	(12) Independence Hill Conservancy District,
35	Lake County.
36	(13) Town of Griffith Sewer Repair/Replacement
37	Lake County.
38	(14) Western Rush County Water and Sewer Project,
39	Rush County.
40	(15) U.S. 42 Sanitary Sewer Extension,
41	Town of Shelburn.
42	(16) Montpelier Sewage Project, Blackford County.



1	(17) Hartford City Sewage Project, Blackford County.
2	(18) Island Rehab. Project, Kosciusko County.
3	SECTION 23. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002] (a) Notwithstanding
4	P.L.340-1995, SECTION 37, before its amendment by this act, or
5	any other law, the obligation of a community or provider to pay the
6	remaining balance due on the principal plus interest of a loan
7	under the fire safety equipment revolving loan account is released
8	July 1, 2002.
9	(b) The amount of the remaining balance due on the principal
10	plus interest of a loan described in subsection (a) on July 1, 2002,
11	shall be deducted from the total grant amount allowed the
12	community or provider that is a qualified entity under
13	IC 22-12-1-18.7, as amended by this act, within a four (4) year
14	period beginning July 1, 2002, under IC 22-14-5-9(3), as amended
15	by this act.
16	SECTION 24. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002] (a) Notwithstanding
17	IC 22-14-5, before its amendment by this act, the obligation of a
18	qualified entity to pay the remaining balance due on the principal
19	plus interest of a loan under the firefighting and emergency
20	equipment revolving loan fund established by IC 22-14-5-1, before
21	its amendment by this act, is released July 1, 2002.
22	(b) The amount of the remaining balance due on the principal
23	plus interest of a loan described in subsection (a) on July 1, 2002,
24	shall be deducted from the total grant amount allowed the qualified
25	entity within a four (4) year period beginning July 1, 2002, under
26	IC 22-14-5-9(3), as amended by this act.
27	SECTION 25. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002] (a) Funds remaining
28	in the firefighting and emergency equipment revolving loan fund
29	established by IC 22-14-5-1, before its amendment by this act, shall
30	on July 1, 2002, be transferred to the firefighting and emergency
31	equipment grant fund established by IC 22-14-5-1, as amended by
32	this act.
33	(b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2003.
34	SECTION 26. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002] (a) As used in this
35	SECTION, "grant fund" refers to the firefighting and emergency
36	equipment grant fund established by IC 22-14-5-1, as amended by
37	this act.
38	(b) As used in this SECTION, "office" refers to the office of the
39	state fire marshal established by IC 22-14-2-1.
40	(c) As used in this SECTION, "revolving loan fund" refers to
41	the firefighting and emergency equipment revolving loan fund

established by IC 22-14-5-1, before its amendment by this act.



1	(d) The office shall follow the rules and criteria for making	
2	loans from the revolving loan fund, adopted by the office under	
3	IC 22-14-5, before its amendment by this act, in making grants	
4	from the grant fund to the extent the rules and criteria are	
5	applicable to the making of grants from the grant fund and comply	
6	with the requirements of this act.	
7	(e) The office shall, before July 1, 2003, adopt rules and criteria	
8	for making grants from the grant fund.	
9	(f) This SECTION expires January 1, 2004.	
10	SECTION 27. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002] (a) A loan application	
11	submitted by a community or provider to the budget agency before	
12	July 1, 2002, for a loan from the fire safety equipment revolving	
13	loan account that was not approved or denied by the budget agency	
14	shall be forwarded to the office of the state fire marshal and is	
15	considered a grant application for a grant from the firefighting and	
16	emergency equipment grant fund established by IC 22-14-5-1, as	
17	amended by this act.	
18	(b) A loan application submitted by a qualified entity to the	
19	office of the state fire marshal before July 1, 2002, for a loan from	
20	the firefighting and emergency equipment revolving loan fund is	
21	considered a grant application for a grant from the firefighting and	
22	emergency equipment grant fund established by IC 22-14-5-1, as	
23	amended by this act.	
24	(c) This SECTION expires January 1, 2003.	
25	SECTION 28. An emergency is declared for this act.	

